

# The Quincy Union.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY

W. W. KELLOGG.

Terms of Subscription:  
For One Year, (invariably in advance) \$5 00  
For Six Months, " " 3 00

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CHECKS DRAWN ON MARYSVILLE.  
Round Valley, May 11th, 1863. n24-4f

# Quincy Union.

"Independent in all Things...Neutral in Nothing."

VOL. 3. QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL., SATURDAY, OCT. 28, 1865. NO. 52.

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and adapted to the wants of all, and at the very lowest cash prices.

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LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS, &c., &c.,  
Together with a complete assortment of everything in our line. Call and examine.  
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**General Merchandise.**  
[Corner of Main and Nelson Streets.]

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BOOTS & SHOES,  
HATS & CAPS,  
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The subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Quincy and vicinity that he is now receiving a large stock of goods of all kinds which he offers for sale at the LOWEST PRICES for cash.  
Parties who wish to purchase goods for cash, can buy their supplies of more CHEAPER than they can send to the lower county and get them.  
Call and examine my stock of goods and the prices, and satisfy yourselves of the fact.

Quincy, June 15th, 1865. C. T. KAULBACK. 34-4f  
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SEGARS,  
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OF EVERY STYLE,  
and adapted to the wants of all, and at the very lowest cash prices.

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Agency for Anaheim Wine Growers' Association. 30-2m

## POETRY! POETRY!

Some friend, a poetical genius, send us some thirty or forty verses for publication, and makes the following request:

now my editor give room for my poetry if it suits your taste for I wrote it all in haste and excuse my blots and mistakes

We are sorry that we cannot publish the whole of the "poet's" It "suits" us, but we are afraid it would be too heavy a dose for our subscribers. We give a few samples:

now if you will listen to my ditty I will tell you what happened in Taylorville city I suppose that you are all aware that they had a county fair

now perhaps you would like to know what they had to show they had chinee geese and turkeys and a fancy dry land ship

cabage butter cheese and pumpkins turnips onions carrots and potatoes wheat oats corn beans and beats and every thing that's good to eat

apples peaches pears and grapes preserves jellies pickles and sweetcakes they had a monument of shells and a fancy dry land ship

but the like I never seen for they striped the table clean they ate up all the bread and drank up all the beer

we do declare it is a shame for allowing such a ditty muss to raise a county fairs

now we hope they will make some amendment again another year and give the farmers premiums for their vegetables and to the ladies for their needlework in the place of giving to ladies for riding a straddle as they are not capable of learning any one else we want some thing that will improve seamen and agriculture society and let the riding society improve its self

KISSING IN THE DARK.—One of the prettiest and pleasantest mornings of May, near the close of that delightful month of balmy airs and fragrant flowers, the train for Taylorville was freighted with an unusual number of elegant women and gay, nicely dressed men. As usual, among the latter was a large proportion of Uncle Sam's pets with shoulder straps. There was no longer any apprehension of guerrillas or other marauders on the road, and after getting fairly under way, the passengers, catching the spirit of the lovely morning, addressed themselves to the task of making time pass pleasantly. It was not long ere all who were so disposed were enjoying themselves in some way. On one of the seats in the ladies car was a married lady with a little daughter; opposite facing them was another child, a son, and a colored "lady"—we believe they are all ladies now—with the baby. The mother of these children was a beautiful matron, with sparkling eyes, in exuberant health, and vivacious spirit. Behind her sat a young lieutenant, dressed to kill and seeking a victim. He scraped up an acquaintance with the mother by attention to the children. It was not long before he was essaying to make himself very agreeable to her, and by the time the sun began to decline, one would have thought they were old familiar friends. The lieutenant felt he had made an impression—his elation manifested it. The lady dreaming of no wrong, suspecting no evil, was apparently pleased with her casual acquaintance. By and by the train approached the tunnel at Muldrough's hill. The gay and festive lieutenant leaned over and whispered something in the lady's ear. It was noticed that she appeared as thunderstruck, and her eyes immediately after flashed with indignation. A moment more and a smile lighted up her features. What changes? That smile, it was not of pleasure, but was sinister. It was unperceived by the lieutenant. She made him a reply, which rejoiced him, apparently very much. For the understanding properly of this narrative—this our true tale, we must tell the reader what was whispered and what replied. Whispered the lieutenant, "I mean to kiss you when we get into the tunnel." Replied the lady, "I will be dark, who will see it?" Into earth's bowels into the tunnel, ran the cars. Lady and colored nurse quickly changed seats. Gay Lieutenant threw his arms around the lady's waist, raised her from the seat and fast and furiously imprinted kisses on her lips. In a few moments the train neared the end of the tunnel, and glided into the broad daylight. Light white lady looked amazed, colored lady bashful, blushed, gay Lieutenant was fogged. "Jane," said the white lady, "what have you been doing?" Responded the colored lady, "Nothing." "Yes, you have," said white lady, not in undertone, but in a voice that attracted the attention of all in the car. "See how your collar is rumpled, and your bonnet mashed." Jane, poor colored beauty, hung her head a moment, the "observed" of all observers, then turning around to the Lieutenant remarked, "This man hugged me and kissed me in the tunnel!" Loud and long was the laugh that followed among the passengers. The white lady enjoyed the joke amazingly. Lieutenant looked like a sheep stealing dog; left the car, and was seen no more during the trip.

A SINGULAR CASE.—A young lady of San Francisco on a visit to her friends on Sacramento river, went out with a party who were running about the bluffs. The exercise caused her to perspire freely, when the party got into a boat for a row, and while doing so took off their shoes and stockings to bathe their feet in the cool water. The young lady from San Francisco held one of her feet so long after the others the limit, suddenly checked, became permanently suspended, and on reaching shore the limb commenced swelling so rapidly that she was soon unable to walk. She was taken to that city, but all efforts to subdue the inflammation were unavailing. Mortification ensued and on Thursday it was found necessary to amputate the limb half way above the knee, in order to save her life. The unfortunate girl is now considered out of danger.

An editor heads his lists of births, marriages, and deaths thus:—Matched, hatched and dispatched." We remember another who headed them severally—"Visitors, boarders, and travelers."

KILLING OF HENRY, THE MURDERER.—A dispatch dated at Los Angeles, September 18th, has the following:

The notorious murderer, Henry, was killed night before last, about twenty miles from San Bernardino. Henry, and a confederate named Rogers, had left Mason with the other portion of the gang in the mountains and came down toward San Bernardino.

Henry stopped at a house twenty miles from San Bernardino, while Rogers went in to purchase provisions and ammunition, got drunk and bragged of being a member of the Mason and Henry gang, when he was arrested; he told where Henry was concealed, and that Henry was armed with two six-shooters and a rifle, but had no ammunition for his rifle. A party took Rogers and started for the place, and when approaching it one of the party stepped on a branch, which broke and alarmed Henry, who jumped up with a six-shooter in each hand and commenced running and firing, but was immediately shot down, said to be completely riddled with balls, fifty-seven balls taking effect, after shooting Mathews, the Sheriff, one of the pursuing party, in the foot. Henry's body was then brought to San Bernardino, and a photograph taken of it; it has been identified by several parties who knew him well. Rogers says the Mason and Henry band, numbering sixteen men, are the party who murdered Kimball and Williams, on Santa Anna River, some time since, and committed depredations through the lower section of the State for some time past.

EARLY THUNDER.—A family in La Crosse Wisconsin have been missing stove-wood for several weeks past. On the return of one of the members of the family a few days since, the case was stated, and Sunday night a very pretty stick of fuel was left with others on the woodpile. In the stick were two ounces of powder for safe keeping. Monday day, the stick was there—Tuesday the stick was there, and the laugh was getting on the man who fixed it. Wednesday morning an explosion was heard in a house near by, and a kitchen window was spared no panes. On going to the spot a sight might have been seen. The stove had joined a piece of wood to the wall like an arrow. A dish of apples stewing on the stove gave the ceiling the appearance of a map of California. A cat sleeping under the stove went through the broken window as though after the devil or a doctor. The cat has not been heard from since, but a smell of burnt cat hair pervades that house very thoroughly. A flat-iron was hoisted into a pan of dough sick, while the roof of the house looks like a busted apple dumpling. The occupant of the ruins says:—

"Such thunder never comes before or he pays a lightnin' rod by tam."

THE MISERIES OF A RICH MAN.—The New York correspondent of the Rochester Democrat is responsible for the following:

Alexander T. Stewart clears \$1,000 per day, Sublimis excepted, all the year round. Cornelius Vanderbilt pleads guilty to double that sum, while William B. Astor rates his income at \$4,330 per diem. Sleeping or waking, the latter gentleman finds \$3 dropping into his hat every minute of the 24 hours.

He cannot sit down to talk with his physician without having a little more wealth, if he cannot unburden his mind for ten minutes without feeling the burden increasing in his pocket, and he cannot walk Broadway, however the weather may be, without meeting a shower of money. At every turn cash stares him in the face in the most insolent manner. Banks fling their dividends at his head; ruthless financiers beat him with coupons; unprincipled and soulless corporations dump their filthy lucre at his door step, and contemptuous bill stickers plaster his house with greenbacks. One might inquire what the fellow has done to merit this treatment, and the only charge that can be brought is that he was a rich man's son, and therefore must suffer.

HOW TO SAVE THE DROWNING.—If you have any distance to swim, the wisest plan is to undress, which can be done in a few seconds. You then have more freedom of limb, and can push through the water with speed and alacrity. And if the drowning person should succeed in clutching your garments of freeing yourself, being naked, are innumerable compared with what they would have been had you been hampered with your wet clothing. When you approach the drowning, watch diligently an opportunity, and seize him by the back of the arm, below the shoulder. You will find that position, he enabled to keep him at arm's length before you, and exercise the most perfect control over his and your own movements. His face being from you, the temptation to grapple with you is removed, and you have more facility to make to the shore or most convenient place of landing. Never attempt to seize a drowning man by the hair of the head. There is great danger to be apprehended in so doing, for, as the arms are at liberty, you are liable to be caught in a death-grip in a moment.

CURIOSITIES OF THE DESERT.—On the Owyhee river, about one mile southwest of the crossing, is situated what is known to travelers as "Castle Ruins." At a distance one might imagine himself standing viewing the arches, curves, spires, steeples and columns of some vast deserted city, of the most magnificent splendor, whose crumbling columns were gradually leveling to the dust. There is a large area of country on the Owyhee covered with these mouldering columns—some standing above and some attached to sides of high table mountains—altogether presenting one of the most interesting and weird like views to be seen anywhere in the land of deserts and sagebrush, which borders on the northern rim of the Great Basin. In October last we passed over the road from Owyhee, via Queen's River to the Humboldt; and, after leaving the Owyhee ferry, had a continuous desert for forty miles without water. We noticed the bed of an old dry creek about midway, but found not a drop of water in it, and no signs of there having been years since. When visiting the same place some weeks since, we found in the same old creek bed, a fine stream as large as the Jordan creek at Ruby and fishes were sporting and playing in the eddies—Owyhee Avalanches.

## THE BIG TREES OF CALIFORNIA.

Measurements were made in August last, of the height and circumference of the most noted of the "Big Trees" (Sequoia Gigantea) by Chas. J. Jackson, M. D., and Mr. Joseph B. Meader, who report as follows:

We were provided with a Sir H. Douglas reflecting semi-circle, a reflecting level, and a measuring tape, and by means of these instruments have made quite accurate measurements. The horizontal point, or level, was first ascertained on each tree by means of the reflecting level, and the angle was measured to that point, and the difference of level was corrected for in each case. By means of the tape the base lines were determined, and the circumference of each tree, at least six feet above the ground, or where the tree took its proper form, was measured. Sir H. Douglas's reflecting semi-circle is made so as to project the angles, and it carries also a scale for measurement of triangles projected.

In several instances we repeated the measurements, with different bases, especially in those where too high an angle introduced the error of refraction of the glass of the mirrors.

Names of the Trees. No. feet high. Circumference 6 ft above roots.

T. Starr King.....308.....60  
General Scott.....327.....45  
General Jackson.....320.....42  
Two Sentinels (front hole) 315.....—  
Salem witch.....310.....48  
Trinity.....308.....48  
Mother of the Forest.....305.....43  
William C. Bryant.....295.....49  
Henry Ward Beecher.....291.....45  
Granite State.....289.....50  
General Washington.....284.....53  
Abraham Lincoln.....281.....44  
Bay State.....280.....48  
Old Kentucky.....277.....45  
Empire State.....275.....50  
Andrew Johnson.....273.....38  
Daniel Webster.....270.....49  
Mother and Son.....269.....46  
Edward Everett.....265.....44  
Pride of the Forest.....260.....50  
Vermont.....259.....41  
John Torrey.....259.....35  
Arbor Vitae Queen.....258.....31  
Beauty of the Forest.....251.....44  
Henry Clay.....241.....44

We measured the following large pines near the hotel:

P. Englemanni, or Yellow Pine 233.....27  
Another.....230.....19  
P. Lambertiana, or Sugar Pine, 165.....—

The big stump covered by the Stump House, has a mean diameter of 23 feet 1 1/2 inches, and its least possible age is 2,380 years, allowing only ten annual rings per inch. The extremes are ten and sixty, and computing the mean 35 per inch, the tree will be 4,380 years old.

PROGRESS OF THE CHOLERA.—The cholera continues its ravages at Ancona: Up to the 12th of August the number of deaths that occurred from it reached seven hundred and eighty-one. A letter says:

The panic in Ancona is terrible, and more than a third of the population have fled from the city. Most of the shops were shut, and great misery exists among the surviving families of the victims, the women and children who were left widows and orphans. A committee has been formed, and has made a strong appeal to public sympathy. The Government has placed considerable sums at the disposal of the Ancona municipality.

A paragraph in the official gazette appealed to the medical profession, and asked for volunteers to assist the overworked physicians of Ancona. Since this intelligence reached us, however, the telegraph has informed us of a considerable diminution in the number of cases. On the 6th they were 207, and no less than 103 deaths. According to a telegram of the 10th from Ancona received yesterday, the last bulletin gave 92 cases, and 62 deaths. The large proportion of deaths in cases is striking and seems to indicate either great virulence of the malady or want of adequate means, or of proper system of combating it. On the other hand, it is highly satisfactory to remark that it does not seem to extend itself beyond the city where it first appeared.

The cholera had increased in intensity at Constantinople. The total number of deaths on the 12th reached 384. Business was generally suspended.

By an order from the Board of Health of Lisbon the Island of Malta is declared infected with cholera morbus; also Smyrna and Constantinople, and all other ports of Turkey suspected. By an order of the 4th, Demerara is declared infected with yellow fever.

At Barcelona there is a great panic, and large numbers of the inhabitants have left the place.

FACTS AND FIGURES.—The largest aqueduct in the world is the Croton Aqueduct in New York. It is forty and a half miles long, and cost twelve and a half million of dollars.

The largest valley in the world is the Valley of the Mississippi. It contains 300,000 square miles, and is one of the most fertile regions on the globe.

The greatest cave in the world is the Mammoth Cave of Kentucky, where one can make a voyage on the waters of a subterranean river, and catch fish that have no eyes.

The largest deposits of coal in the world are in Pennsylvania, and appear to be inexhaustible.

The greatest natural bridge in the world is the one over Cedar Creek, Virginia. It extends across a chasm 80 feet wide, and 255 feet deep, at the bottom of which the creek flows.

All these, and many more, it may be observed, are American institutions. In the contemplation of them, who will not acknowledge that ours is a great country.

TRIED FOR KISSING.—In 1854 a trial took place in Connecticut, under the action of the blue-laws prohibiting kissing. The offenders were Sarah Tuttle and Jacob Newton. It appears that Sarah dropped her gloves and Jacob found them. When Sarah asked for them Jacob demanded a kiss for his part, and as the demand did not seem extravagant, she adjusted it forthwith. The facts were clearly proved, and the parties were each fined twenty shillings.

A CAUTION.—An Irish girl in Lee, Mass., picked a pear from a tree on John N. Peck's premises one day last week, which cost her five dollars. Dead fruit, that.

# The Quincy Union.

All Letters relating to the business affairs of the paper should be addressed to the Publisher.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.  
No paper will be forwarded from this office unless the subscription is paid in advance. All papers discontinued when the subscription expires. The rule will be strictly enforced.

CORRESPONDENCE.  
Our friends everywhere, who may at any time have knowledge of facts of local importance—incidents, accidents, mining news, doings of public meetings, improvements, curiosities, etc.—would confer a favor upon us and our readers generally by sending notice of the same to this office. Give us facts in any shape, and we will take care of them.



# The Quincy Union.

San Francisco Agency.  
J. J. KNOWLTON & Co., L. P. FISHER, THOS. BOYCE, and WM. B. LAKE are the only authorized agents for the Union in San Francisco.

Sacramento Agency.  
E. K. PHIPPS is our duly authorized agent at Sacramento.

QUINCY, PLUMAS CO., CAL.  
SATURDAY OCT. 23 1865.

## NEW VOLUME.

The Third Volume of this paper closes with the present number. We have no promises to make in regard to the future, but if the paper suits those of our subscribers whose term of subscription expires with this No., we shall be pleased to continue sending a copy of the Union to their address upon the receipt of the price of subscription, viz: \$5 00.

A MINERS' CONVENTION.—Very nearly all the papers in the mining counties appear to be favorable to a "Miners' Convention." That much good would result from such a convention, we do not doubt; but how is it to receive a legitimate start? Who is to fix time and place for meeting? Who are to be the members? Are they to be elected? Or is each delegate to elect himself? We propose, as a starting point, that those who are interested in mining, assemble at Sacramento some time this winter, and issue circulars, fixing on some time and place for a mining convention to be held. Let the miners select such delegates as they may deem fit, and so start the thing fairly. And just here we are met by the inquiry, who is to pay the expense of such a convention?—It will be an onerous tax on the attendants. True, there may be public-spirited ones enough to shoulder all the expense and honor; but they will belong to that class who neither "toil or spin," and not from that class will derive the precious metal.

There is one reason why we think a convention might be of advantage just now, and that is this: to give some semi-official record of the sentiments of the miners of this State, to such amiable old miners at Washington, as Thad. Stevens, &c., who seem to be possessed with the idea that the miners out here would hail, as a great boon, the privilege of paying a royalty on the production of the sluice box and stamps. It might operate as a great surprise to some of those theoretically wise gentlemen to know just how much a miner is taxed in the course of a year; and they might perhaps learn from such a convention that but a very little more would prove the feather to break the back of mining energy.

Let us have a convention of miners, say we. Plumas is in.

NEVER DESPAIR.—Although the recent elections have gone against us, we do not despair of the Republic. The great principles of democracy must ultimately triumph.—[S. F. Examiner.]

Just so, Mr. Examiner, the true principles of democracy must ultimately triumph; but if you think that your "peace at any price" cant is true democracy, you are very much mistaken. Has not the smoke of this war convinced you yet that true democracy never shelters itself behind the cowardly plea of a dishonorable peace? Has the shock of our recent civil earthquake not yet rocked you from the base of the resolutions of '98 on which you seem to sit with such adorable equanimity? Have you not yet learned that the true democracy taught by Jeff. Davis, Breckinridge & Co., has disappeared like a mist before the morning sun, and that true democracy to-day, consists not so much in the old cant and rant of your once famous crusaders, as it does in taking a new view of the things which once seemed as immovable as the hills? Have done with your folly, or else "get thee glass eyes, &c."

"SKEER'D."—A correspondent of the Wash. Times, writing from San Francisco, gives a few laughable incidents in connection with the big shake at that place, among which is the following:

"An excited individual 'might have been seen' rushing from a barber shop, his face ashy white, while on one side of his head off—the knight of the razor following, cup in hand."

We have it from good authority that the excited individual alluded to, was a merchant from this town, who was in the city at the time. "Charley" must have been "considerably skeer'd."

MORRISON CO.—The claims of this company at Sawpit Flat, says the Messenger, are paying well, and the prospects are bright. One of the largest dump-sheds in Plumas county has been erected at these works, measuring 40 by 120 feet—others, 30 feet. The blacksmith shop is 30 by 30, and the timber shed 40 by 40 feet. A large lot of timbers for winter use have been got in, and quite a little village has already sprung up about the works. Another company just below are bombarding the bed-rock, expecting to get gravel by Spring, when even more busy times at Monitor are expected.

SEWING MACHINES.—The editor of the Sonoma Democrat gives his opinions regarding sewing machines as follows:

The Florence sewing machine has attracted much attention at the Mechanic's Fair, San Francisco. Years ago we knew a sewing machine by that name, and a very pretty and attractive one it was. That machine did the business for us. It sewed up our affections so tight that it has taken many years of California life to rip up the stitches.

The Postoffice Department has issued a circular giving notice that the penalties fixed by law for carrying letters outside of the mails when not enclosed in Government stamped envelopes, will be rigidly enforced in every instance where violations are known.

## OUR POSITION.

GONE OVER TO COPPERHEADISM.—The Quincy Union has evidently gone over, body and breeches, to the Copperheads, and is about as bitter as any of them. It amuses itself by making light of the Union party and its candidates. Bad blood will tell in the long run.

The foregoing, which we clip from the Mountain Messenger, is but one of a sample of similar charges which have recently been made concerning us, by the Messenger and other papers throughout the State. We have no desire to allow any of our contemporaries to force us into a false position, nor are we willing to allow them to build our political platform; but as new issues have arisen, as new ideas are broached, we must take our position where our conscience dictates, regardless of the pleasure or pain it may afford others.

From the first issue of the Union until after the war was closed,—nay, until this present writing, not a line has appeared in its columns which could possibly be construed or twisted into anything like support of the principles of the copperhead party. During the war, they as a party, went for peace and compromise. We opposed that policy as suicidal, went in for the war, and received the cordial support of Union men, and the equally cordial hatred of the Democrats; but now the war is over, and questions are forced upon the American people to decide which must be met and settled. Every principle enunciated in the last National Union platform, we endorse cordially and cheerfully; but that platform is now of no use as a guide in the questions which we are now to meet. Its enunciations only looked to the prosecution of the war. Now that the war is over, there is no living issue presented by the platform of the great Union party, and each individual member is left perfectly free to advocate such opinions as to him may seem best adapted to the exigencies of the times. This is evidenced by the wide difference of opinion and action of some of its representative leaders, and as an instance, we will take the different theories looking to the status of the Negro, now that he is a free man.

In this State, the Flag, Appeal, and several other papers favor granting suffrage to the Negro. Why are they not hounded as having "gone over, body and breeches to the Copperheads," as the Messenger with such dignity charges us with doing? Is Negro suffrage a plank in the National platform? Does reconstruction in any shape form one of the planks? What distinctive feature does our late State platform present? We were all in favor of the war, but that is now of no more binding force than a last year's bird's nest. Our National platform presents no single ray of light to govern the party. Our State platform is wishy-washy. The Convention was too tender-footed to declare their souls their own, and now, when the public mind is tossed between the conservative ideas of President Johnson, and the radical ones of Sumner and Chase, because we stand by the doctrine laid down by one of our standard-bearers, Andrew Johnson, some of those who then agreed with us in sentiment, now declare that we have fallen from grace because we cannot view new issues through the same spectacles they do.

It is clear to us that the country is about to divide into two political parties. Both of them will be or will profess to be Union. On one side will stand the great conservative element of the country; on the other the radicals, and these two words will stand as fit representatives of the principles advocated by each. It may be that one of those parties will be marshalled under the lead of such men as President Johnson, Preston King, Seward, Greeley, Dickinson, &c., and the other will sneeze when Sumner, Wade, Chase, Wilson and Butler take snuff, and we know that there are those who have forgotten that the war was only carried on to preserve the Union and the Constitution, and who are now laboring to reconstruct, not the Union, but the Constitution; who seek to change the very foundations of the Government; who seek to practically abolish the reserved rights of the States; who cannot distinguish between the making a negro a free man, and the making him a political equal, and we may as well, once for all, state that if to remain in the Union party requires us to acknowledge the political, civil or social equality of the races, then we must hunt some other party, and our reason for opposing such a radical change in the generally observed theory of our government, is based upon reasons infinitely above the political passions or prejudices which rule the hour; for we do believe that suffrage cannot be granted the negro without making him our political equal; that social equality will follow on the heels of political equality,—at least as soon as the prejudice begotten of slavery against the negro shall be worn away somewhat, and the mixture of the two races cannot elevate the white race, whatever it may do for the negro, and also because we do not believe two races as distinct as the white and black, can exist for any length of time as equals in this Republic. One or the other must become the dominant race, and the other must go under.—Besides, our Unionism does not go to the extent of making our country the political paradise of every heathen or hottemut under the sun. The Anglo-American race stands to-day confessedly the highest in the ranks of physical and mental power, and we do not propose to draft its advancement by following such impractical theorists as Wendell Phillips or Charles Sumner. Mr. Sumner says, and that, too, within six weeks that "Every freedman must be secured his right by admission to the full panoply of citizenship." We have seen the same thing carried out successfully in Maine, where the Union party carried Governor Cony through by a majority of over 17,000 on a Negro-suffrage platform. We say that such a plank does not suit us; that it is repugnant to all our ideas of the duty of the free white

American citizen. We further say that this is the corner stone around and on which all the ideas of the radicals on reconstruction are based, and we shall oppose the party which advocates such a pernicious theory; and further, we do not favor an indiscriminate hanging of the rebels; perhaps the hanging of one or two might do well to establish practically the precedent that treason is a crime, nor do we believe that all those who voted for McClellan were traitors. We reverse the memory of Lincoln, and we believe that were Lincoln alive to-day, and in the Presidential chair, that the same radicals who now seek to make us out copperheads, would have used the same language against our late lamented chief, for we advocate to-day precisely the same ideas which were advanced by him about the time of Lee's surrender, and now the radicals say, he, (Lincoln) was too full of the milk of human kindness.

We may further say that in our belief no small portion of the Union party will be found in antagonism to the policy of President Johnson during the coming session of Congress, simply because he is opposed to further centralizing the power in the Federal Government. Nay, more, we believe we can put our fingers on the very man who will "beard the lion in his den," as Douglas said Buchanan. Then men must take sides. They may dodge for a month or two, but they must show their hands, and we shall take some pains to show certain journalists in this State that they were perhaps a little too hasty in accusing us of going over, body and breeches to the Copperheads. We have never said a word against the State nominees of the Union party, save this, that we did not like Mr. Sanderson's political record. What actuated us in our course was local matters altogether; for, when a man secures a Convention through lies and trickery, an attempt to force such a nomination on us must fail. We do not believe that in subscribing to the doctrines laid down in National Union platforms that we thereby become the slave of any corrupt man or clique, who by lies or misrepresentation, gains a County Convention.

We shall take occasion to advocate just such ideas as to us seem right, and we do not propose to vary our course to please any journal which may think differently from us. We propose to be INDEPENDENT, and not bow the knee to any idol of the hour, when we believe that idol to be no true God. If, by adopting such a course, the radical press of this State choose to accuse us of "going over to the Copperheads," we shall set up no defence, but plead guilty to the charge.

OUR COPPER WEALTH.—The following, from the commercial columns of the New York Express, shows that our copper mines are beginning to attract considerable attention among business men at the East:

"We alluded some time since to the immense copper deposits in California; and the shipments of ore we notice are steadily increasing. In the month of June two large clipper ships, one for England and the other for Boston, were dispatched heavily freighted with ore, while four other vessels, two of them for England and two for Atlantic cities, were on the berth loading. Since then the clipper ship Derby has been chartered for Swansea, England. These mines are located chiefly at Copperopolis, and there is always a large amount of ore on hand, owing to the productiveness of the mines, and the ease with which the ore is taken out. The richest ore is found at Copperopolis, about thirty-five miles from navigable water. The formation conforms to all the requirements of theoretical and practical geology, and so far as developed, shows the most extensive ever known. Previous to the discovery and working of the Lake Superior mines, England furnished the largest amount of copper of any country in the world. The discovery of these mines in California is destined to work a complete revolution in the copper business, as thousands of tons are yearly shipped to England, which seems like carrying coals to Newcastle. All this only goes to show the richness of our Pacific possessions. This also furnishes a return freight for our clipper ships.

THE BEST TIME.—We find the following in the Spirit of the Times:

When Flora Temple recorded a mile in 2:19, it was thought that the height of trotting had been reached, and that it would be years, if ever before, the time was beaten. But the little bay mare had to succumb at last, and to a Hambletonian, in the shape of the famous Dexter, whose exploits on the turf during the last two years have given him a national reputation, he having trotted in a match against time in 2:18.45.

A PROPHECY.—Several years since, says the Petaluma Argus, the reverent Mr. Stump, of the M. E. Church, was preaching in this city, descending upon the certainty that judgment would be visited upon the wicked; and according to the ungodliness of San Francisco, made the homely remark, "I tell you the Lord will take hold of San Francisco and shake her out of her boots."

ELECTION.—From the returns received, (unofficial) it is supposed that Sanderson has a majority of about 60 in the county, and that Hogan, Dem., is elected County Judge by about 30 majority. The votes will be counted on Monday next.

J. C. McKIBBEN, formerly a member of Congress from California, and lately an officer in the Union army, is in Mobile, and has an immense quantity of merchandise in store, with which his friends in Philadelphia have supplied him.

FIRE IN THE MOUNTAINS.—The Independent says that quite an extensive fire has been raging in the foothills to the west of Red Bluff for over a week. It must have burned over an area of several miles, and on Thursday night it was brighter than ever.

It is estimated that the Wirtz trial will cost the Government \$100,000.—Col. Moore, late Surgeon-General of the rebel army has arrived, and will appear before the Wirtz Military commission as a witness for the defense.

It is estimated that the Peace expenses of Government will amount in the aggregate to about \$110,000,000 annually, while the income will, under the present laws, amount to some \$900,000,000.

## LETTER FROM MARYSVILLE.

MARYSVILLE, Oct. 22, 1865.  
ED. UNION.—You will perceive from the heading of this, that your correspondent has "changed his base." Having taken on last look at the Golden Gate from Mcigg's wharf, and snuff'd the glorious sea breeze as it comes wafted up the Bay,—bid adieu to "Dad" and Dewitt Kellogg, "Jud," and the balance of the boys, we placed our precious person on board the good steamer Anacapa, bound for Sacramento, when we arrived in due time, but owing to the short stay made there, I can give you no items from personal observation. The work of forming to the lots and streets so as to conform to the new grade, seems to progress very slowly. It is a work of great magnitude, but when completed, Sacramento can laugh at the floods that have heretofore seemed bent on destroying her. No city in the State has had a tithe of the difficulties here, and, sir, I'll again assert, and I have sufficient data to bear me out, when I say there is no other State on the continent of America that can boast of a greater variety of metallic wealth than our mountains contain. North or South, yet we have no Geological Society. I know of no other country that offers such inviting fields of labor to the geologist as this part of the world, with its picturesque and beautiful scenery, wild aspects and curious formations, it is both amusing and instructive, and to the student pry into nature's hidden laws and formations of the earth's crust, it cannot be surpassed. Here we see the primary formations with their strange contortions, upheavals and blind craters, horizontal and perpendicular caverns, and caves of beautiful stalactites.—Here we also see the lime stratas or measures, with their numerous fossils, belonging to a period when man was not yet created. Then, sir, it is not quite important that we should have a Geological Society, that we might learn to understand better, the laws of nature in the formation of rocks, stratas, dikes, angles, heaves and slides? Enterprise and capital from the East and other countries, that come to our borders to seek fortunes in the yet undeveloped richness of our State, find it irksome and uncertain, for want of scientific references. Every man or company that wishes to invest, cannot bring with them a practical and scientific geologist, and, moreover, these regions are as yet unexplored, and the majority of the stratifications of these Sierras are dissimilar to the old world's, and that to the east of the Rocky Mountains, and it requires an amount of labor in the scientific arena, to bring them to light, and, under such considerations, we are undoubtedly in great want of a Geological Society.

Yours, truly,  
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### Marriages.

At Huffaker's Hotel, Truckee Meadows, Oct. 18, 1865, by Justice J. S. Singlerland, JAMES A. HICKLE to Miss MARY J. JOHNSON, both of Indian Valley.

On the 26th inst., on Rich Bar, at the residence of Hon. Richard Irwin, the bride's brother, by S. Goodrich, Esq., Hon. E. T. HOGAN to Miss MARY FANNIE LAWREN.

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No. 10, Masonic Temple, Post street.  
AUGUST 27, 1865.

SACRAMENTO, April 30, 1865.  
Dr. C. M. Bourne.—Dear Sir,—It is with pleasure and satisfaction that I now let you know of my good health. Looking back on what I have passed through, it seems as if I was lifted from the grave, and I think it my duty to acknowledge to you and the world the benefit I derived from water treatment as administered by you in your celebrated baths. I was in August, 1864, when disease developed itself with a severe cough. I then took medicines, getting worse, with chills, fever, loss of strength, and was pronounced consumptive. This set me to thinking, and finally I determined to leave my business and go to the Sandwich Islands, having been informed that I could not be cured here. I went to San Francisco, and while waiting for a ship, called upon Dr. Bourne, who stated that a trip to the Islands would probably result disastrously, was wholly unnecessary, as I could then be speedily cured at his establishment. I placed myself under his treatment, and in one week was so much improved that I thought I could risk returning home and to my duty as Engineer on the Central Pacific Railroad. The doctor objected, but I thought I knew better, and returned to duty. In about two weeks I was returned, and I kept getting worse, and contrary to Dr. Bourne's prediction never to take medicine again, I committed that folly, and soon was so completely run down that I could scarcely walk; so, as a last resort, I concluded to once more try the Water Cure. I went to San Francisco—few of my friends expecting me to return; in fact, I thought my return doubtful. On arriving at Dr. Bourne's establishment, (February 14, 1865), I was not able to get into the bath without assistance, but in a few days I began to gain strength, and in a few more I was able to get into the bath, and a better man. "Without the aid of medicine," I have now been at work several weeks, and find that I am gaining every day, and in prospect of being able to do so much as ever before. Persons visiting the Doctor's establishment will find it just what it should be, in both Ladies' and Gentlemen's departments, and I cannot say too much in praise of the Doctor's kind attention to his patients.

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## CORRESPONDENCE.

Snake Lake, Oct. 22, 1865.  
MR. EDITOR.—In connection with the mining interest on the West slope of the Sierra Nevada mountains, I would most assuredly recommend a State Geological Society, as are long we are destined to wield an influence second to none on the continent of America, and certainly such a branch of business deserves some consideration. It is generally admitted, that such an institution is one of the great wants of our State. The perplexity is, I believe,—how to establish a Society on such a basis as to ensure good support, and attain a respectable footing amongst the other Societies of the State; and, sir, I'll again assert, and I have sufficient data to bear me out, when I say there is no other State on the continent of America that can boast of a greater variety of metallic wealth than our mountains contain. North or South, yet we have no Geological Society. I know of no other country that offers such inviting fields of labor to the geologist as this part of the world, with its picturesque and beautiful scenery, wild aspects and curious formations, it is both amusing and instructive, and to the student pry into nature's hidden laws and formations of the earth's crust, it cannot be surpassed. Here we see the primary formations with their strange contortions, upheavals and blind craters, horizontal and perpendicular caverns, and caves of beautiful stalactites.—Here we also see the lime stratas or measures, with their numerous fossils, belonging to a period when man was not yet created. Then, sir, it is not quite important that we should have a Geological Society, that we might learn to understand better, the laws of nature in the formation of rocks, stratas, dikes, angles, heaves and slides? Enterprise and capital from the East and other countries, that come to our borders to seek fortunes in the yet undeveloped richness of our State, find it irksome and uncertain, for want of scientific references. Every man or company that wishes to invest, cannot bring with them a practical and scientific geologist, and, moreover, these regions are as yet unexplored, and the majority of the stratifications of these Sierras are dissimilar to the old world's, and that to the east of the Rocky Mountains, and it requires an amount of labor in the scientific arena, to bring them to light, and, under such considerations, we are undoubtedly in great want of a Geological Society.

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**Lone Star Mining Co.**  
Location—Spanish Peak, Plumas Co., Cal.  
NOTICE is hereby given that there are delinquent upon the following described stock in the Lone Star Mining Co., on account of Assessment No. 1, levied on the 8th day of September, A. D. 1865, the several amounts set opposite the names of the respective shareholders as follows:

Names.	No Sh's.	Am't.
L. P. Nipher.....	10	\$15 00
B. Shnyder.....	10	15 00
L. Nelson.....	10	15 00

And in accordance with law and an order of the Board of Directors, made on the 8th day of Sept., 1865, so many shares of each parcel of said stock as may be necessary will be sold at the office of said company, at Meadow Valley, Plumas Co., on the 8th day of November, 1865, at 2 o'clock, P. M., of said day, to pay said delinquent assessments thereon, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Directors,  
VALENTINE ROBERTS, Sec'y.  
Meadow Valley, Oct. 13th, 1865. 50-4d

**North American Gold and Silver Mining Company.**  
Argentine District, Plumas County, California.—NOTICE is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company, held on the 30th day of September, 1865, an assessment of fifty cents per share was levied on the capital stock of said company, payable immediately in United States gold coin to the Secretary, at the office of the Company, at Quincy, Plumas county. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on Saturday, the 25th day of October, 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on Monday, the 13th day of November, 1865, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

By order of the Board of Trustees,  
A. P. MOORE, Sec'y.  
Office in the Court House, Quincy, Cal. 48-4d

## New Advertisements.

### NOTICE TO TAX-PAYERS.

TAKE NOTICE that I have received the Assessment Roll from the Auditor of Plumas County, and that the State and County Taxes for the year 1865, are due and payable, and the laws in regard to their collection WILL BE STRICTLY ENFORCED. And you will also take notice that I will be at the places named in each township on the days herein named to receive the taxes due on Real or Personal property:

Swamp Flat.....	October 22.
Nelson Point.....	" 23.
Big Meadows, Weston's Old Ranch.....	" 26.
Humburg Valley.....	" 27.
North Fork.....	" 28.
Rich Bar.....	" 29.
12 Mile Bar.....	" 30.
Summit.....	Nov. 2.
Jamison City and Smith's Ranch.....	" 5.
Spanish Ranch.....	" 10.
Vernon House.....	" 13.
Greenville.....	" 14.
Crescent Mills.....	" 15.

Taxes will also be received at the Sheriff's Office in Quincy, from this date until the third Monday in November, A. D. 1865.

Plumas County, and Ex-Officio Tax Collector,  
Quincy, September 14th, 1865. 46-4f

### Notice of Dissolution.

THE FIRM of MYERS & RITCHIE is this day dissolved by mutual consent,—either of the parties being authorized to settle the affairs of the late firm.

S. MYERS.  
October 2nd, 1865. D. RITCHIE.

THE business will be carried on at the old Stand by S. Myers, after this date.

S. MYERS.  
Nelson Point, Oct. 2, 1865. 49-4f

### RHEUMATISM CAN BE CURED.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM THOSE who are suffering from Rheumatism that he has, after years of research, succeeded in compounding a medicine that has been tried in numerous instances to be an infallible remedy for all rheumatic complaints, no matter of how long standing. THE CALIFORNIA RHEUMATIC REMEDY consists of three distinct preparations, Nos. 1 and 2 being for internal use, and No. 3 for external. This medicine does not contain mercury or any other injurious ingredients. THE CALIFORNIA RHEUMATIC REMEDY is warranted to give immediate relief, and to effect a permanent cure in the most obstinate cases of rheumatism. In a few weeks, or the money will be refunded. The California Rheumatic Remedy, together with full directions accompanying each bottle, will be forwarded by Express to any part of the Pacific Coast, upon receipt of \$7 50 in coin, or the equivalent in greenbacks.

For sale only by  
SAMUEL ADAMS,  
At the United States Drug Store, corner of Bush and Powell streets, San Francisco. 45-3m

### Nervous Complaints.

It is not probable that there is a country in the world where the inhabitants suffer so much from nervous diseases having their origin in derangement of the nervous system, as in California. A slight derangement of the nerves, if not promptly attended to, will produce such complaints as RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, MENTAL AND PHYSICAL DEBILITY, IMPOTENCE, HEART DISE







# The Quincy Union.

## THE BEWITCHED TERRIER

BY THE ARKANSAS NIGHTINGALE.

Sam Johnson was a colored man,  
Who lived down by the sea;  
He owned a rat terrier,  
That stood 'bout one foot three,  
And the way that creature chawed up rats  
Was goshus for to see.

One day this dog was slumberin'  
Behind the kitchen stove,  
When suddenly a wicked flea—  
An ugly little cove—  
Commenced upon his faithful back  
With many jumps to rove.

Then up arose the terrier,  
With frenzy in his eye,  
And wailing 'long enough  
To make a touchin' cry,  
Commenced to twist himself around  
Most wonderfully apy.

But all in vain; his shape was such—  
So awful short and fat,  
That though he doubled up himself,  
And strained himself at that,  
His mouth was half an inch away  
From where the vermin sat.

The dog set up an awful howl  
And twisted like an eel,  
Rolling circles of misery  
At every nip and feel,  
And tumbled down and jumped up  
And turned like a wheel.

But still that most avacious flea  
Kept up a constant chaw,  
Just where he couldn't be scratched out  
By any reach of paw,  
And always half an inch beyond  
His wretched snappin' jaw.

Sam Johnson heard the noise, and came  
To save his animal;  
But when he saw the critter spin—  
And barkin' all the while—  
He dreaded hyperbolia,  
And then began to rile.

"The pup is mad enough," says he,  
And luggin' in his ears,  
He goes the rebel terrier  
A pair of awful cracks,  
That stretch him out upon the floor  
As dead as carpet tacks.

MORAL.  
Take warnin' by this terrier,  
Now turned to sausage meat,  
And when misfortune's sea shall come  
Upon your back to beat,  
Beware, or you may die because  
You can't make both ends meet.

A REFORMED MAN.—Old Billy Smith  
kept a small store in one of the interior  
towns of Massachusetts. It was the rendez-  
vous of all the loafers in the village. These  
fellows used to be there every night playing  
poker, generally with the old man's clerk,  
and besides drinking the old man's liquor,  
spent his money furnished by his confidential  
clerk. Old Billy suspected what was  
going on, and came down on them sudden-  
ly one night, and before they could hide  
themselves, Nemiah got "Jesse," but was  
forgiven, promising to sin no more.

"Nemiah," said Billy, "never let a soul  
in after eight o'clock."  
Nemiah promised obedience. Next night  
the crowd was at work as usual, and Billy  
thought he would go and see how things  
went on. Accordingly, down he went and  
knocked at the door.

"Who's there?" cried Nemiah.  
"It's me, Mr. —," open the door."  
"No," Billy told me not to let any one  
in after eight o'clock, and I ain't going to do  
it."

"But, Nemiah, it's me—open the door in  
one moment."  
"No, none of your gammon; you sound  
mighty like him, but it won't go down; no  
travel, or do not your head if I don't give  
you a shot with this old blunderbuss, you  
old humbug!"

Billy wanted to hear no more, but started  
off like the wind, confident that Nemiah  
was a reformed man, and the next day doubled  
his salary.

"Pete, what am I?" asked a sable  
youth of his companion, a perfect African  
Pluto.

"And you don't know nothin' 'bout  
him? Your education am dreadfully imper-  
fect; don't you feel him in your bumsum to  
be sure?"

The other inserted his hand beneath his  
waistcoat, and said:  
"No, I don't, Uncle Pete."

"Ignorant nigger! It am a strong pas-  
sion which rends the soul so severely, that  
even time cannot heal it."

"Then, Uncle Pete, I golly, I know who  
he is in."

"Who am I?"

"Dis ole boot ob mine. Its sole am rent  
so severely dat Johnson, the cobbler, utterly  
refused to mend him; and he says dat he  
am so bad dat the debble herself couldn't  
heel him."

ECHO'S OPINION ON THE REBELLION.—By  
what argument could the war have been pre-  
vented by Buchanan? Cannon.

What was the result when the south ceased  
to reason? Treason.

For what kind of a ruler were the aristoc-  
rats acting? A king.

What power assisted in making us again  
feel peace? Field-piece.

What must a reb do before a Yankee mus-  
ket? Must "git."

What of the gentleman who raised the  
biggest war whoops? Worse hoops.

Is Jeff Davis a more than ordinary man?  
Nary man.

What rebel is judged most leniently by  
people generally? General Lee.

Where is the intervention place that Nap.  
laid out? Played out.

Shall we in future have a rebellion ever?  
Never.

CHANCE FOR A SPINSTER.—A young man  
in Aroostook County, Maine, advertising for  
a wife, speaks of himself as follows: "I am  
eighteen years old, have a good set of teeth,  
and believe in Andy Johnson, the star-spangled  
banner, and the 4th of July. I have  
taken up a State lot, cleared up eighteen  
acres last year, and seeded ten of it down.  
My truckwheel looks first-rate, and the oats  
and potatoes are bully. I have got nine  
sheep, a two-year-old bull and two heifers,  
besides a house and barn. I want to get  
married. I want to buy bread-and-butter,  
hoop-skirts, and waterfalls for some person  
of the female persuasion during life. That's  
what's the matter with me. But I don't  
know how to do it."

VELOCITY OF LIGHT.—Light moves with  
a velocity of 192,000 miles per second, which,  
for terrestrial observations, is instantaneous.  
But so remote are the fixed stars that the  
light of the nearest occupies more than three  
years in its journey to the earth of 30,000,  
600,000 miles. Some idea of the incon-  
ceivable velocity of light may be obtained  
by comparing its speed with that of a can-  
non ball. The latter moving at a speed of  
1,200 feet per second would require upwards  
of 1,380,000 years to accomplish the distance  
of 10,000,000,000,000 miles, the probable  
distance of Sirius from the earth. The light  
of Sirius is supposed actually to be 60 times  
greater than that of the sun.

## Advertisements.

### RATES OF LEGAL ADVERTISING.

The following table of charges for Legal Adver-

tising will, in all cases, be strictly adhered to in this

office:

SUMMONS—District Court, 3 months, - \$25.00  
Extra length, each square, 5.00  
Justice's, 3 months, 20.00  
3 weeks, 12.50

SHERIFF'S SALE—4 weeks, 20.00  
Extra length, each square, 5.00  
CONSTABLE'S SALE—3 weeks, 12.50  
ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—3 weeks, 15.00  
Extra length, each square, 5.00

SOLE TRADER NOTICE—4 weeks, 12.50  
LIEN-HOLDER NOTICE—3 weeks, 10.00  
Extra length, each square, 5.00

DISSOLUTION NOTICE—4 weeks, 5.00  
NOTICE TO CREDITORS—County Court,  
4 weeks, 8.00  
Probate Court, 3 months, 20.00  
Extra length, each square, 5.00

ESTRAY NOTICE—2 weeks, 1 square, 4.50  
All legal advertisements containing more than  
4 square (10 lines per square, minimum) will be  
charged extra.

No affidavit of publication will be made out until  
the fees for advertising are paid.

J. J. KNOWLTON & CO.,  
ADVERTISING AGENT,  
Express Building,  
(Corner of Montgomery and California st's.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Sincerity Lodge, No. 132, F. &  
A. M.—The stated meetings of  
Sincerity Lodge, No. 132, F. & A. M., are  
held on the first Saturday of each month  
at the Masonic Hall, Taylorville. Brethren in good  
standing are invited to attend.

D. EWEY, W. M.

EXCHANGE SALOON.  
MAIN ST., QUINCY, CAL.

THE BAR  
well supplied with the best of  
Wines, Liquors & Cigars.  
BILLIARDS.

Two of Phelan & Co's. Modern BILLIARD TABLES  
with combination cushions are in use at this Saloon.  
JAS. H. HOUCK, Proprietor.

BLACKSMITH'S SHOP.  
MAIN ST., QUINCY.

THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD RESPECTFULLY  
inform the public that he is now prepared to  
do every kind of work in his line such as

Horse, Mule & Ox Shoeing,  
wagon Ironing, &c.,  
PICKS made to order, or sharpened on short no-

JOHN WALKER.

WHITING & CO'S  
EXPRESS.

Daily to Marysville;  
THERE CONNECTING WITH  
Wells, Fargo & Co.,  
Langton & Co.,  
Holland, Morley & Co.,

To all parts of California, the Atlantic States and  
Europe.  
Bills of Exchange  
Procured of Wells, Fargo & Co., payable in all  
the principal Cities in the Atlantic  
States and Europe.

COLLECTIONS AND COMMISSIONS  
Promptly attended to.

TREASURE  
Shipped to the lower Cities at reasonable rates.  
We will not be responsible for valuable letters  
unless our receipt is given for the same. We send  
WEEKLY EXPRESSES  
TO—

Indian Valley,  
Round Valley,  
Honey Lake,  
Rich Bar,  
Junction Bar

And all other points in Plumas county.  
WHITING & CO.  
Quincy, Oct. 28, 1892.

MOORE  
—AT THE—  
Post Office,  
Has for sale the following Goods:

CANDIES,  
NUTS,  
RAISINS,  
FIGS,  
DRIED PEACHES, CITRON,  
DRIED APPLES,  
DRIED CURRANTS,  
HONEY IN THE COMB,  
JELLIES,  
JAMS, AND  
OYSTERS.

A No. 1 HAVANA CIGARS,  
CABLE TOBACCO,  
COMMON TOBACCO,  
KILLICKNICK TOBACCO,  
FOREST ROSE TOBACCO,  
PIPES AND SNUFF.

Also a very large assortment of  
POCKET KNIVES,  
RAZORS,  
STRAPS AND BRUSHES,  
TOYS,  
PORT MONAIES,  
PENS, INK  
AND PAPER,  
ENVELOPES,  
TIME BOOKS,  
AND DIARIES

Drugs and Medicines,  
Consisting in part of  
Sarsaparillas,  
Expectorants, Balsams,  
Liniments, Ointments, Sedlitz  
Powders, Castor Oil, Eye Water,  
Pain Killer, Pills (all kinds),  
Mrs. Winslow's Syrup,  
Spalding's Glue,  
&c., &c.

Together with a general assortment of  
Toilet and Fancy Articles.

WATT'S NERVOUS ANTIDOTE IS A CERTAIN  
REMEDY FOR ALL NERVOUS DISORDERS.

## New Advertisements.

### HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

For Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or  
Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Pro-

state Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swell-

ings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

HELMBOLD'S  
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

Improved Rose Wash

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising  
from Habits of Disipation, at little expense, little or no  
change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely  
overcoming those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copious  
and Mercury, in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S  
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in  
men or women, from whatever cause originating, and no  
matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in its taste and  
odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than  
any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from Broken Down or Delicate Constitu-

tions, procure the Remedy at once.

The Reader must be aware that however slight may be the  
attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his Body,  
Health, Mental Powers and Happiness. If no treatment is  
submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu  
Is the Great Diuretic

Compound Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla,  
For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from  
excess and impurity in life, chronic constitutional dis-

eases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the  
only reliable and effectual means for the cure of  
Scrofula, Eczema, Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swelling of  
the Bones, Ulceration of the Throat and Legs, Boils,  
Pimples on the face, Tetters, Erysipelas, and all scaly eruptions  
of the skin and beautifying the complexion.

HELMBOLD'S  
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED  
Compound Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla,

NOT A FEW  
Of the worst diseases that afflict mankind arise from the  
corruption that accumulates in the blood. Of all the cures  
that have been made to purify it, none can  
equal that of HELMBOLD'S COMPOUND EXTRACT  
OF SARSAPARILLA. It cleanses and renovates the  
blood, insures the vigor of health into the system, and  
purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the  
healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that  
grow, and rattle in the blood. Such a remedy, that could  
be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the  
first time, the public have one on which they can depend  
with confidence. It is a medicine of the highest quality,  
and its use is a comparison of their properties with  
those set forth in the U. S. Dispensary.

HELMBOLD'S  
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

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## Advertisements.

### INDIAN TLA-QUILLAUCHS BALSAM.

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

AND  
Rheumatic Pain-Killer.

FOR THE REMOVAL AND PERMANENT CURE OF ALL  
Diseases arising from Impure Blood, viz.: Scrofula in all  
its forms, Chronic Sore Eyes, Scald-head, Ulcers, Obsolete  
Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples on the face, Boils, Blisters,  
Enlargement and Pains of the Bones and Joints, Ringworms,  
Tetter, Syphilis, Syphilis, Venereal Disease, Mercurial  
Poison, Weakness, Loss of Appetite, Disordered Stomach,  
Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Nervousness, Sick Headache and  
Nervous Headache, Piles, Catarrhes, Liver Complaints,  
Pain or Palpitation of the Heart, Heartburn, Pain in the  
Side and Back, Diseases of the Kidneys, and the Urinary  
Organs generally, Diseases peculiar to Females, (a perfect  
regulator), an infallible cure for Catarrh and Cold in the  
Bladder. The great remedy for RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA.  
It has never been known to fail of curing Rheumatism  
in its worst forms. Also, Chronic Constitutional  
diseases will be removed by this preparation more speedily  
and with greater safety than by any other article in use.

THE INDIAN TLA-QUILLAUCHS BALSAM acts directly  
on the blood in the very process of its formation, and will  
restore the circulation to its normal state, by annihilating  
the elements of disease of the foundation here. Such is  
the modus operandi of this preparation; and experience, by  
the mouths of many witnesses, adds its guarantee to reason  
and common sense.

Prepared by DR. RAIMOND PARKER, Pharmaceutical  
Chemist, corner of First and Howard streets, opposite the  
Gas Works, and Shot Tower, San Francisco, Cal., and some  
genuine without his signature.

Wholesale Agents, corner Sansome and Pine streets, San  
Francisco.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.

HAPPINESS OR MISERY.  
THAT IS THE QUESTION.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE "PACIFIC MU-

SEUM OF ANATOMY AND SCIENCE,"

determined, regardless of expense, to issue a FREE

(for the benefit of the people) a series of the most  
interesting and instructive LECTURES, on  
M. RHEUMATISM and its disqualifications; Nervous Dis-

ease, Premature Decline of Manhood, and Vital  
Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital  
Power, the great Social Evil, and those maladies  
that result from youthful follies, excesses of man-

ner, or ignorance of Physiology and Nature's  
Laws.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means  
of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be  
forwarded FREE on receipt of Twenty-five Cents  
in postage stamps, by addressing "Secretary Pa-

cific Museum of Anatomy and Science, Pine Street  
San Francisco."

Letters to be sent through Wells, Fargo &  
Co.

Medical Advice.—Dr. Wm. K.  
DOHERTY'S Medical and Surgical Institute is be-

coming a sine qua non to the welfare of our State  
and health of our citizens; and his rapidly spread-

ing reputation, although it may excite surprise, is  
but the signal of skill, and follows as the natural  
effect of such a cause. We are personally acquaint-

ed with gentlemen who have suffered for years  
from chronic diseases, and who have taken advan-

tage of every available means that promised relief,  
but without success, until they called upon Dr.

DOHERTY, who in an incredibly short space of time  
has given them entire relief. It is gratifying to  
announce this fact, because the Doctor is a gen-

tleman who seeks, not by deflation of others, to  
establish his reputation or to rear the superstructure  
of his own upon the ruins of another's fame. The  
Doctor conducts his Institute in such a manner  
that he must be gratifying to all his patients. He ex-

amines, advises, and recommends without charge,  
and the patient after hearing his terms for treat-

ment, can accept or reject at pleasure. No one  
does the Doctor make a charge unless he effects a  
cure. This he is able to do, because he feels the  
confidence which long experience has given, and  
no doubt the consolation which appertains to that  
confidence. Persons afflicted with either acute or  
chronic disease, would do well to consult the Doc-

tor; at all events, it can do harm, as for consulta-

tion he asks no fee; nor does he insist on obedience  
to his advice unless the patient places himself un-

der his care. His offices are on Sacramento street,  
opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship office, and  
that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever  
taken.

DAVID M. GAZLEY & CO.,  
PUBLISHERS,  
34 Liberty Street, N. Y.

Specimen Copies of the Pacific Monthly  
may be obtained of the Office of this Paper.

Agents appointed by WHITE & BUELL,  
New Agents, San Francisco; or the American  
News Company, 121 Nassau Street, New York.

THE CALIFORNIA  
FLY KILLING LIQUID

FLY PAPER KILLS ITS THOUSANDS.—THE  
Fly-Killer kills its tens of thousands! This  
preparation for killing flies gives the greatest satis-

faction of anything ever used. It is now improved  
to the highest killing point. It is of such a nature  
and so speedy in its action, that it kills every  
spot the walls and windows, which makes the use  
of other preparations so objectionable.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Sacramento and San Francisco Agents. Depot  
at U. S. Drug Store, corner of Pine and Kearney  
streets.

WARD'S  
PERFECT FITTING  
SHIRTS—  
323 MONTGOMERY ST.  
SAN FRANCISCO  
NEW YORK HOUSE  
387 BROADWAY.

JUSTICE'S BLANKS.

FOR SALE at this Office,  
Summons, Subpoenas,  
Attachments,  
Affidavits for  
Attachment,  
Undertaking on  
Attachment, &c., &c.

All orders promptly attended to.

Settled in California.—Dr. C.  
W. MOORE, late Surgeon General in the Army of  
General Butler, has opened a Medical Institute in  
San Francisco. His advertisement can be found in  
our advertising columns.

## Advertisements.

### PRIVATE MEDICAL AID.

Quick Cures & Moderate Charges.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S  
Private Medical & Surgical Institute

Sacramento street, below Montgomery, opposite  
the Pacific Mail Steamship Co's office.  
Private entrance on Leidesdorff street.  
SAN FRANCISCO.

Established expressly to afford the afflicted sound  
and scientific Medical aid, in the treatment  
and cure of all Private and Chronic  
Diseases, cases of secretey, and  
all sexual diseases.

TO THE AFFLICTED.—Dr. W. K. Doherty  
returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients  
for the patronage, and would take this opportunity  
to remind them that he continues to consult at his  
institute for the cure of chronic diseases of the  
Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive and Genito-Urinary  
Organs, and all Private Diseases, viz.: Syphilis  
in all its forms and stages, Seminal Weakness,  
and all the horrible consequences of self-abuse  
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